



























iProcureSecurity - Identified Challenges and Innovation Needs iProcureSecurity



Main achievements

>920	Mapped practitioners		
>70	•Getting in contact with European and international initiatives		
>140	Practitioner organisations attending the workshops		
>60	•Collected relevant projects		
>140	•Collected EMS organisations		
>110	•EMS Network members		
>63	•Collected courses		
28	•International Events		
18	•Workshops and Webinars		
>315	•Knowledge Items and Documents		

iProcureSecurity - Identified Challenges and Innovation Needs



Short list of areas of EMS challenges





- · Provide vital data of patients or EMS staff
- · Provide automatic alerts on changes of vital data or environmental changes



Unmanned Automatic Vehicles / Drones

- · Rapid delivery of equipment or supplies
- · Surveillance of dangerous areas to increase safety and situational awareness



Virtual Reality / Augmented Reality

- · Train more realistic and complex scenariose
- · Reduce costs for complex trainings



- · Provides remotely support of experts
- · Exchange of vital data and patient history



· Rapid and precise detection of diseases



3D printing

· On demand creation of relevant supplies



10

Priority Areas for R&I in EMS



81

Challenges



Advanced Sensors and Materials

- · Alert changes of vital signs of patients or EMS staff
- · Improving EMS staff safety while not hindering them during treatment of patient



Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning

· Provide automatically new insights and decision support on the environment as well as for diagnosis, treatment or triage



Blockchain/Cryptography

- · Improve cyber security of all connected systems
- · Secure sensitive personal data



Big data analytics

· Quick analysis of vast amount of data to get new insights on environment, diagnosis or treatment



Advanced Communication Technologies/5G

- · More bandwidth to ensure vast amounts of data can be transferred immediately
- · Decreased service interruptions and increased data security
- · Additional information which is automatically annotated to the channel



81

Needs



11

Technological fields

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5 Main Areas and High Level Challenges (Consortium Focus)

TRAININGS	Hands on training is expensive High fidelity mannequins are expensive	Debriefing after training not possible More realistic real-life scenarios needed	Real environment trainings are expensive Individual training evaluation needed
TREATMENT	Connection to hospital Victim located in dangerous area	Lack of access to a basic EHR Time for diagnosis too long	Improve treatment on the scene Treatments start late
TRIAGE	Triage algorithms are outdated Missing situation assessment	Triage algorithms are time consuming Triage badges get lost	No decision support systems Over/Under Triage
BYSTANDERS	Lack of support Afraid to risk own life	Fear in harming the victim Limited first aid training	Lack of knowledge Activation of bystanders
EMERGENCY CALL CENTERS	Multilanguage / Translation Identifying fake calls	No prioritisation of right patient Helping/responding hearing impaired	Unsuffisient information about patients' location More communication channels

iProcureSecurity – Common Challenge



Triage Management System

The Challenge

Based on the intensive data gathering and comprehensive analysis carried out during the project the iProcureSecurity consortium agreed on the following Common Challenge for Emergency Medical Services to be tackled in a PCP action:

TRIAGE MANAGEMENT

Improve triage scenarios through a flexible triage management system that provides:

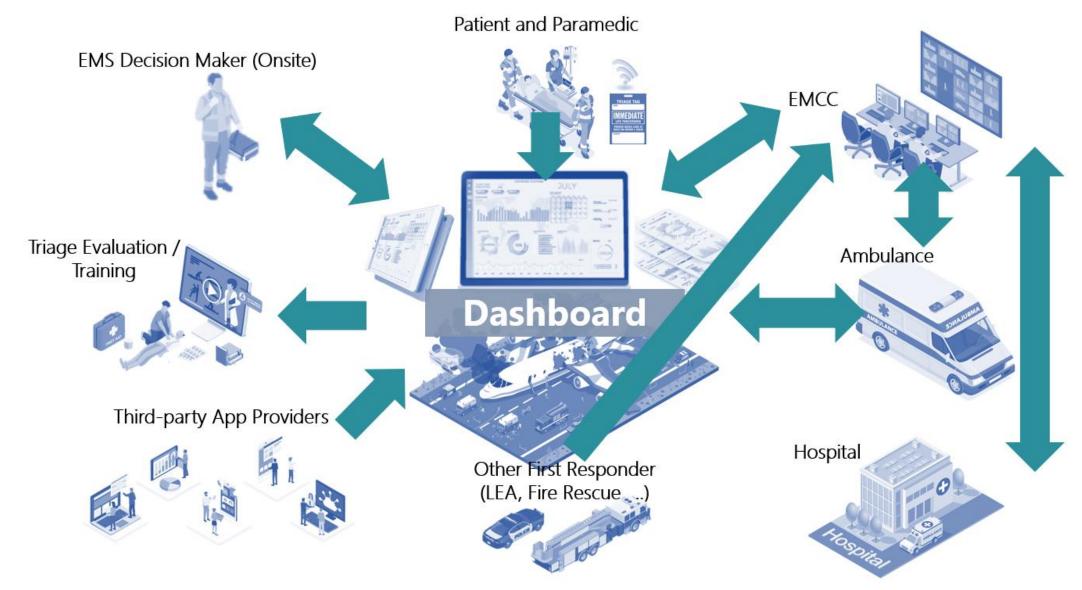


- a) quick and accurate overview of casualties and their status
- b) decision support for better allocation of available resources and quicker support for casualties
- improved interoperability with other first responders and relevant actors
- d) reduced handover times between ambulance transport and hospitals, and
- insights for quality assurance and training measures.

iProcureSecurity – Common Challenge



Triage Management System



Why a data driven triage management system is urgently needed?



- Complex scenarios with quickly changing conditions
- Many casualties scarce resources
- Outdated information and mistakes influence and delay decision making on all levels
- Inefficient paper-based or double documentation (paper-based and digital)
- Missing detection of Over-/Under-Triage
- Handover procedures need to be further improved
- Room for mistakes based on missing information should be reduced
- Missing evaluation of scenarios to improve service
- Many players that should act in concerts
- Inflexible systems
- No modular extension based on particular needs
- Missing interfaces
- Product Locked-in situation

































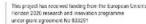
















What is it?

Public sector challenges require improvements that are so technologically demanding that there <u>are no near-to-the-market solutions</u> yet and new R&D is needed.

Pre-Commercial Procurement (PCP) can then be used to compare the pros and cons of alternative competing approaches and to de-risk the most promising innovations step-by-step via solution design, prototyping, development and first product testing.

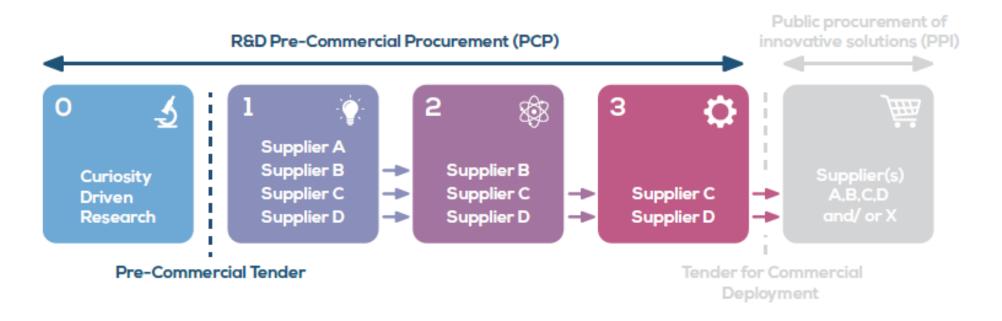
Source: https://eafip.eu/

Driving innovation to ensure sustainable high quality public services in Europe, Pre-Commercial Procurement (PCP) is an approach for contracting authorities to acquire research and development services (and under certain conditions related R&D results), with the purpose of steering the development of new innovations towards public sector needs, without committing to engage in a follow-up Public Procurement of the Innovative solutions (PPI) emerging from the PCP.



What is a PCP project?

In Pre-Commercial Procurement (PCP) projects public procurers provide funds to suppliers to procure R&D services and develop tailored solutions that are not available on the market yet. The PCP is co-funded by the European Commission and is divided into competitive phases, in which suppliers develop their solutions to address the procurement challenge. The iProcureSecurity budget is expected to be approximately € 12 Million Euros, of which 70% will be used to fund the R&D activities of the suppliers.





Which Phases are Planned?

O. Curiosity Driven Research

The preparation of the PCP will take place in the initial phase (phase zero). This will include an Open Market Consultation to raise the interest of possible developers or suppliers in the process, followed by the Call for Tender requesting for submission of proposals. To speed up this process some aspects have been already covered during the iProcureSecurity CSA project.

1. Solution Design

The project consortium will evaluate the bids with the support of external experts (including the presented solution designs) with respect to technical, economical and organisational viability. Finally a minimum of four suppliers will be selected to develop their solutions.



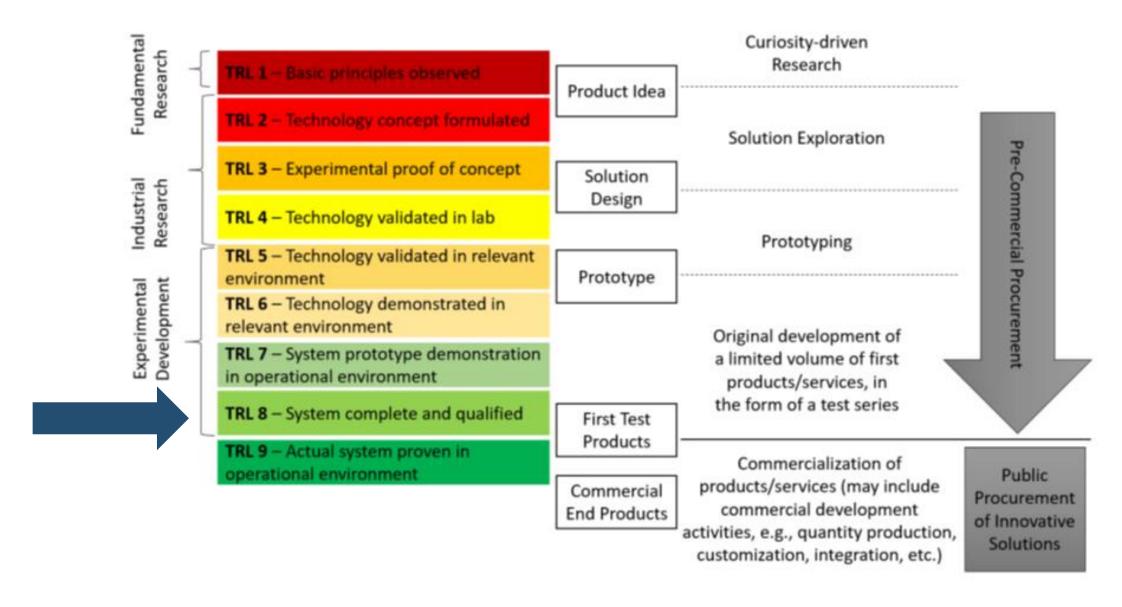
2. Prototype development

Participants who have successfully completed phase one will be invited to phase two. At least three suppliers will be awarded to develop their solutions into working prototypes. In this phase interim evaluations by an independent review board are foreseen to continuously improve the prototypes while developing them.

3. Original Development & Operational Testing

Finally, a minimum of two suppliers will be selected to test their prototypes under real-life situations. During the complete PCP process, selection of suppliers entering the next phase will be based on transparent and objective criteria.







Better together

Group of Buyers

The Buyers, that decide to jointly procure R&D services represent the demand side of the PCP, play pivotal roles in the procurement approach / strategy and ultimately, the final solutions' use.

Benefits

- Cross-border joint procurement
- costs of the PCP are shared between members of the buyers group
- decreasing the share of investment required from each buyer
- Risks are also shared by all parties
- total risk undertaken by a Public Buyer is diminished

Source: PCP Handbook



Benefits for each Buyer

Procurers/Buyers:

- Achieve desired degree of interoperability from the start.
- Reduce technology and vendor lock-in (when interoperability requirements and/or open standards are required).
- Gain increased end-user satisfaction and quality service delivery.

Due to competing suppliers procuring organisations:

- Obtain better quality products at lower price.
- Reduce risk of investing high amounts of money in R&D to develop a product that doesn't work
- Risk of potential legal claims is also diminished, as the R&D development phase (PCP) is clearly separated from the purchasing of commercial volumes
- Avoid recurring unforeseen customised development expenditures.

How to benefit as Supplier?

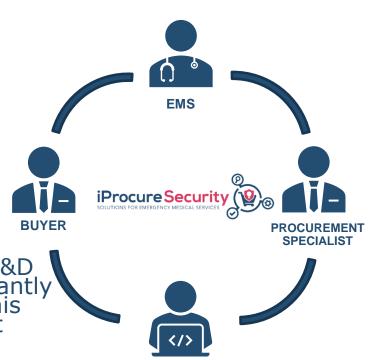


How to benefit from upcoming PCP activities (2021)

- Participate as bidder (individual or consortium)
- Funding of concepts and prototypes
- Detailed requirements and feedback from practitioners
- Shortens time-to-market for innovative products and services
- Huge market potential in Europe and across the world

How to benefit from iProcureSecurity (now)

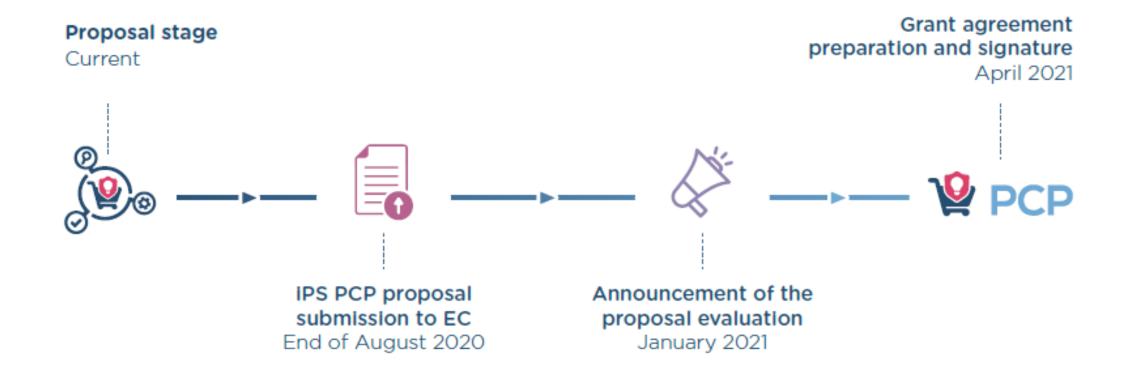
- If you've **innovative solutions** in the EMS domain or running R&D activities please get in contact with us we 're interested in constantly update our online catalogue and thereby contribute in sharing this information with EMS organisations and further interested target groups across the world
- Get in touch with **EMS practitioners** and decision makers via the EMS network and discuss with us challenges, innovation needs and available solutions
- Stay tuned for upcoming webinars
- Get in touch with us directly <u>office@iprocuresecurity.eu</u>



SOLUTION PROVIDER

Timeline





iProcureSecurity Online Information Hub



www.iprocuresecurity.eu



